Chess

A dragon to the death

A RECENT lecture I gave at the Pencarrow Chess Club in Wainuiomata covered the Sicilian Dragon, one of the most violent of all the chess openings.

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Devotees of the Blackside were forced to speed up Queenside counterplay and dramatic exchange sacrifices on c3 were soon commonplace. Present day opinion again regards the Yugoslav attack against the Dragon as unclear, but of the most active grandmasters only England's Tony Miles plays the opening with any

frequency.

World champion Anatoly
Karpov has a wide opening
repertoire and often produces
interesting ideas. Recently he
sidestepped the main lines
and rehabilitated an old variation with some novel
Karpovian ideas.

Las Palmas 1977 SICILIAN DEFENC

SICILIAN DEFENCE (Dragon variation)

A. Karpov (USSR)	A. Mai (Spair
1. e4	c5
2. Nf3	d6
3. d4	cXd4
4. N×d4	Nf6
F AL-O	

6. Be2

Karpov follows an old line in which White castles kingside early on and follows up the attack with a later f4.

6. . . . Bg7 7. 0-0 0-0 8. Bg5!

The first Karpov deviation. From here the bishop exerts indirect pressure on the Black e-pawn. Another advantage this move has over the normal, 8.Be3 is that at an opportune moment White may suddenly lash out with a B×f6, followed by Nd5 which attacks the capturing bishop on f6 plus the e-pawn if Black moves his bishop from the knight's line of fire.

8. . . . Nc6 9: Nb3 Be6 10. Kh1

Finesse number two. If 10,f4 immediately Black can begin his Q-side counterplay rolling with 10 b5, intending

11.B×b5 Qb6 ch 12.Khl N×e4! if White captures. Karpov's tenth move transfers his king to a less vulnerable square.

10. . . . a6 11. f4 b5 12. Bf3 Rc8

Martin would dearly like to play 12 . . . Bc4 but this fails to 13.e5, and similarly 12 . . . Nd7 (preventing 13.Nd5) meets the same 13.e5.

13. Nd5!

With this move Karpov seizes the advantage. Black dare not ever exchange this knight with ... B×d5. because then his backward e-pawn sitting on e7 would become vulnerable. In the meantime White threatens to double his pawns by a dual exchange on f6.

13. . . Nd7 14. c3 Nb6 15. Qe2 Nc4 16. Rad1 Qd7 17. Rfe1 Qa7

Karpov was threatening to bring his other knight into the fray by 18.Nd4.

18. Bh4 Rfe8 19. Nc1! Qb8 20. Nd3 a5 21. Nf2 Bd7

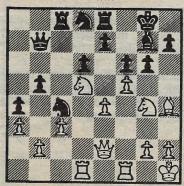
Through a remarkable knight manoeuvre, Karpov has activated his most poorly placed piece — now he offers an exchange in search of a direct kingside assault.

22. Bg4! B×g4 23. N×g4 a4 24. a3 Qb7 25. Rf1 Nd8

Another defensive try was 25 . . . Rf8.
26. f5! f6

Martin must prevent 27.f6 by White. Now Karpov uses his aggressively posted pieces and advantage in space to bring the Black king from his shelter.

MARTIN



KARPOV

27. B×f6! e×f6 28. Ng×f6 ch B×f6 29. N×f6 ch Kf8 30. f×g6 h×g6 31. Qg4

With no really useful discovered check at hand Karpov simply brings more pieces into the fray.

31. . . . Nf7

If 31 . . . Ne5 then 32.Nd7 dbl.ch. Kg7 33.N×e5 R×e5 34.R×d6 and against three major pieces Black's king is helpless.

32. Q×g6 Nce5 33. Nh7 ch Resigns

On 33 . . . Ke7 Karpov had planned a lovely Queen sacrifice ending in mate after 34.Ng5! N×g6 35.R×f7 ch Kd8 36.R×d6 ch when Black is forced to interpose his Queen, but to no avail as 37.R (either) ×d7 is checkmate.

MURRAY CHANDLER